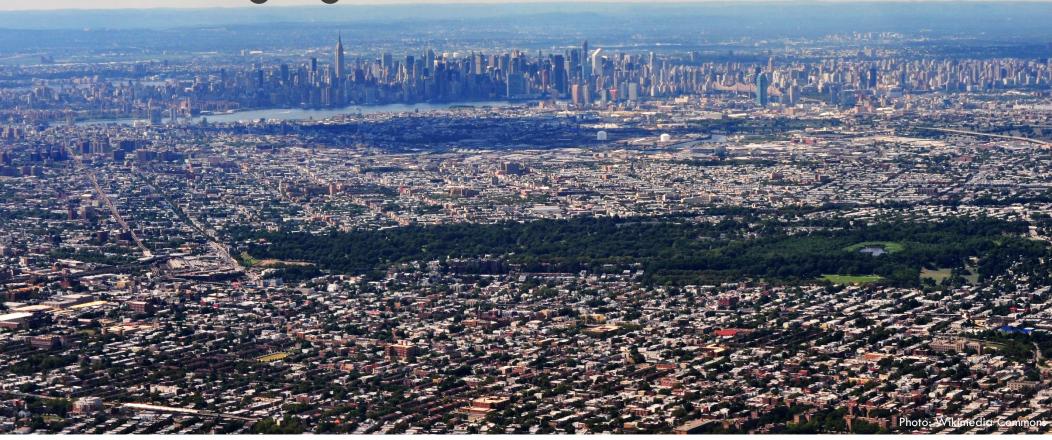
Keeping New York On Track:

The Importance of the MTA Transit Network in a Changing World



February 11, 2015

Prepared by HR&A Advisors on behalf of and in coordination with:

The Permanent Citizens Advisory Committee to the MTA

Urban Land Institute – New York







The Permanent Citizens Advisory Committee and the Urban Land Institute commissioned HR&A Advisors to examine the MTA Capital Program.







With assistance from:

NYUSCHACKInstitute of Real Estate

Hornick Consulting

Produced by:



This report is the result of a sustained collaborative effort.

NYU Schack Analysis

Students from the NYU Schack Institute of Real Estate analyzed the importance of the MTA to the New York region, including a review of existing literature on transportation investment.



Expert Roundtables The PCAC and ULI-NY organized and hosted 7 roundtables with leaders in transportation, real estate, policy, and business to gain their perspective on the MTA's regional significance.



Research & Analysis

In collaboration with the PCAC and ULI-NY, HR&A Advisors conducted additional research and analysis on the MTA Capital Program, its impact on the region, and the importance of transportation investments in maintaining economic competitiveness.



Report Development

This report addresses the MTA's importance to the regional economy and the importance of sustained capital investment in the system.

The MTA operates the largest transit network in the United States.

6,300

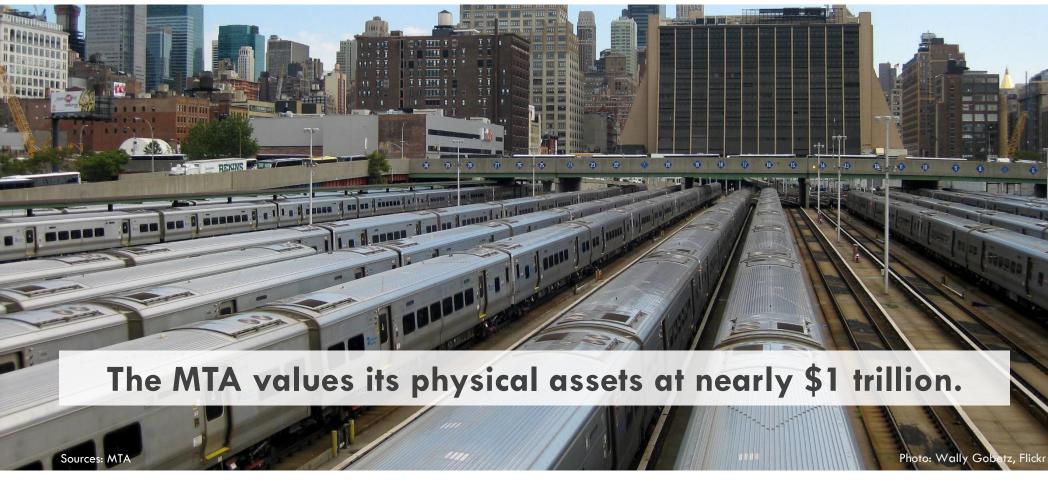
2,400

5,600

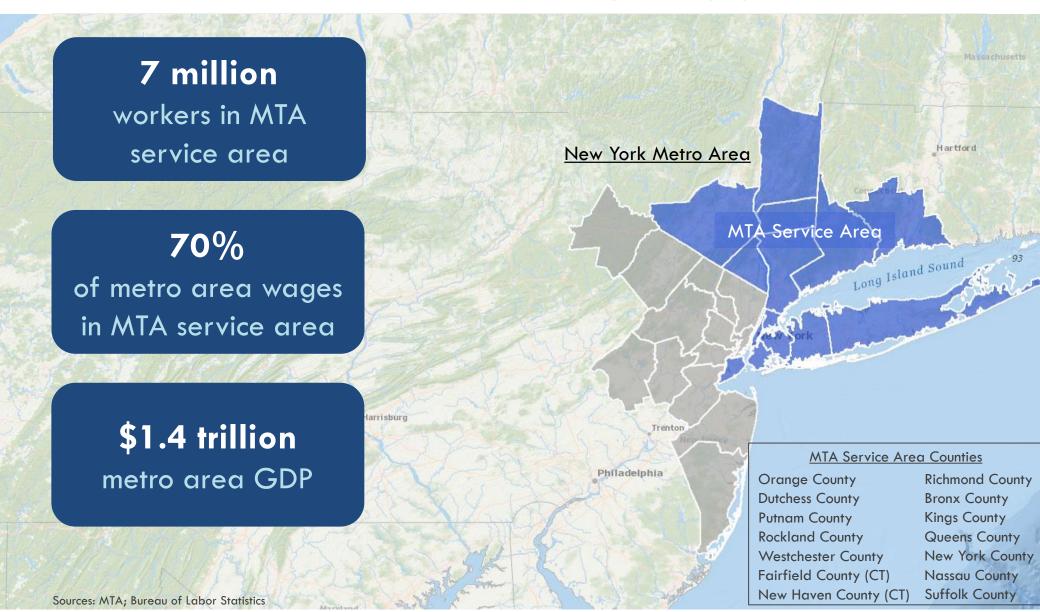
subway cars

commuter rail cars

city buses



Radiating from New York City into its suburban regions, MTA transit networks cover 75% of the New York metropolitan population.



The scale and reach of the MTA's regional transportation network generate broad, sustained benefits for the New York metropolitan area.

Regional Economic Strength



Social Equity



Neighborhood Growth

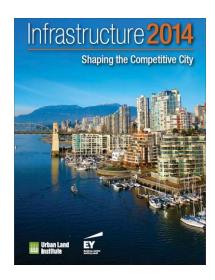


Tourism



Regional Economic Strength

The benefits of MTA transit service boost the performance of area firms.



Infrastructure 2014: Shaping the Competitive City

- >88% of leaders rated infrastructure as an important consideration for real estate investment.
- >78% of leaders saw improved transit services as a top or high priority.



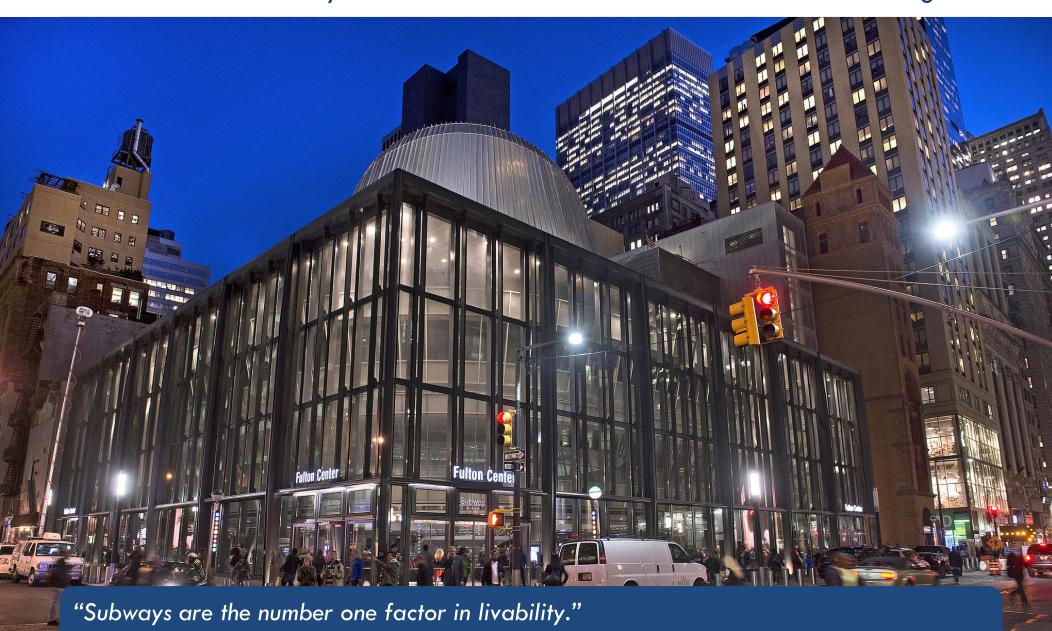
Hot Spots: Ranking Global Competitiveness (2012)

- ➤ New York ranked #1, with emphasis on infrastructure.
- **▶27** Fortune 500 companies are headquartered in the metro area.

Sources: The Economist, "Benchmarking Global City Competitiveness"; "Infrastructure 2014: Shaping the Competitive City", ULI.

Regional Economic Strength

The access offered by the MTA attracts workers to the New York region.



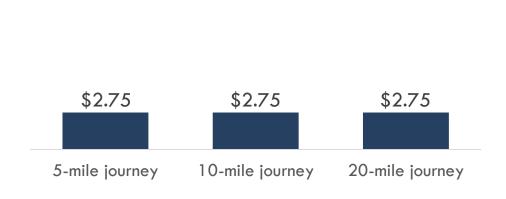
-Kathy Wylde, President & CEO, Partnership for New York City

Social Equity

Flat fares allow equitable access to New York City employment centers.



A flat fare structure ensures low transportation costs for residents throughout the five boroughs.

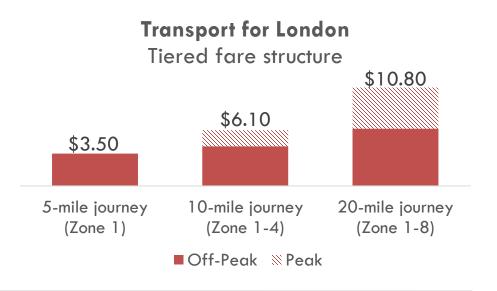


MTA Bus and Subway

Flat fare



In contrast, a tiered fare structure like that of London imposes costs on longer commutes.



Sources: MTA; Transport for London

Neighborhood Growth

Robust transit access supports neighborhood growth throughout the region.







Source: NYU Schack Institute

Tourism

MTA services connect visitors to destinations throughout the metro area.

40 MM visitors (2004) **3** 54 MM visitors (2013)





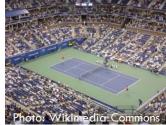














Source: NYC & Company

65% of international tourists

visitors inject \$18 billion into

use the MTA system. These

the New York economy.

What is the MTA Capital Program?

"Every five years, the MTA takes a hard look at its system and its infrastructure to identify and prioritize the investments that will be essential to renew, enhance, and expand the system to meet the changing needs of the region, its economy, and its residents."

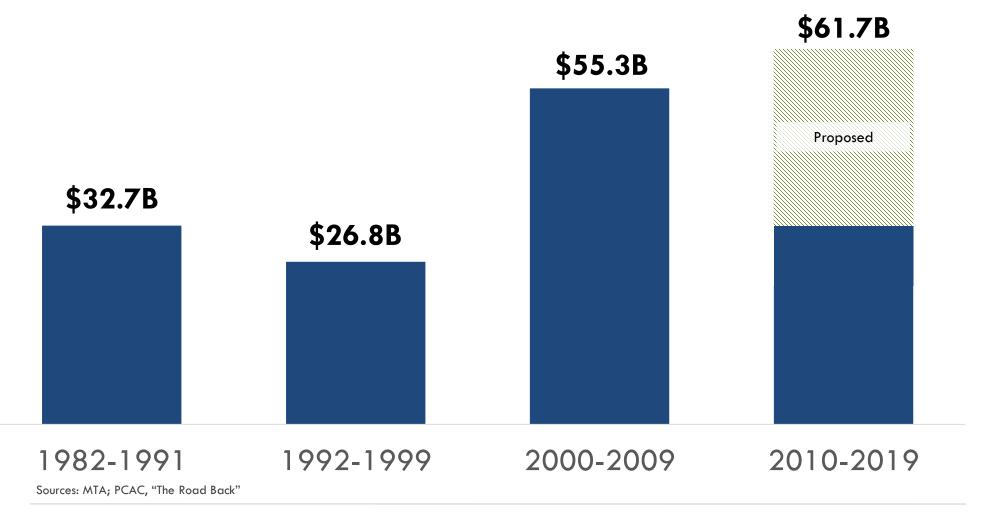
-Thomas Prendergast, Chairman and CEO, MTA

The MTA Capital Program enables the MTA to:

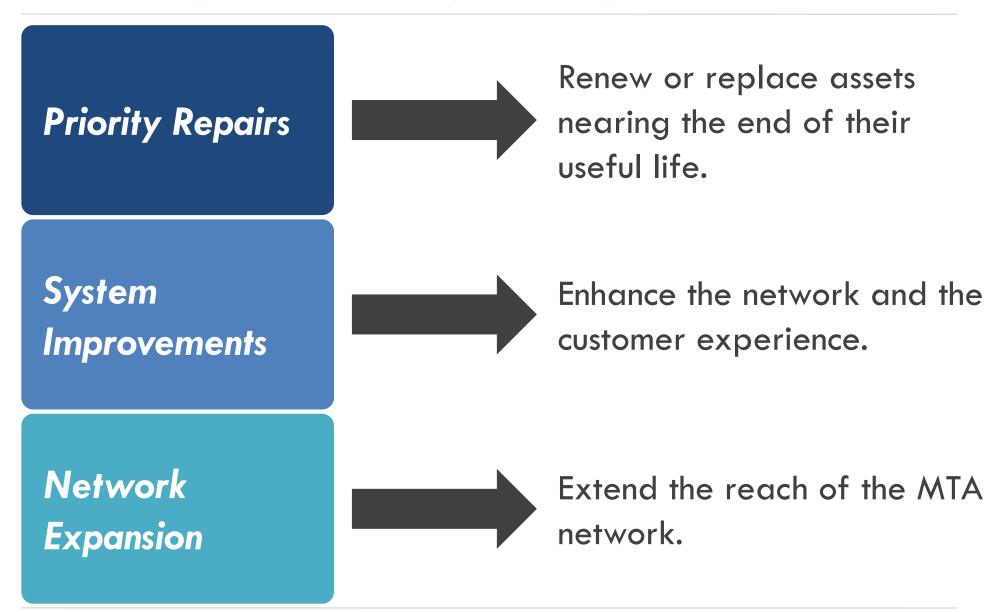
- Identify maintenance needs and strategic goals;
- Prioritize projects to align with rider demand and system needs;
- Propose a means of funding these improvements.

Over 30 years, the MTA Capital Program has invested nearly \$150B in the network, revitalizing the system and its ability to serve the region.

MTA Capital Program Funding Commitments (2014\$)



These investments have updated, transformed, and extended the numerous components that make up the MTA system.



Evolving growth patterns are reshaping the metropolitan area.

New Preferences for **Urban Living**

For the first time since World War II, more people are moving to NYC than Long Island, New Jersey and SW Connecticut combined.

Changing Geography of **Employment**

Job growth in neighboring boroughs and counties has outpaced growth in Manhattan.

Unprecedented Storm Damage

Superstorm Sandy caused over \$25 billion in damage to the region.

Source: "Behind the Curb", Center for an Urban Future, 2011; "It's Clear Violent Crime Is Decreasing, But Less Clear Why", Huffington Post; "New York City's population growth exceeds the suburbs, AM New York

These changes pose new questions for policymakers and leaders.

1980 Questions

Can the city's leaders restore law and order?

What can be done to reinforce the vitality of Midtown / Downtown?

How can the region accommodate suburban growth?

Is it possible to reverse the decline of New York City?

2014 Questions



How to ensure protection from the impacts of climate change?



What can be done to support growth outside of the **Manhattan CBD?**



How can the suburbs provide options for walkable living?



How will New York City manage new levels of population growth?

Four major regional challenges emerge from these trends.

Destructive Impacts of Climate Change



Changed Geography of Employment



Crowding from Growing Ridership



Increased Global Competition



Destructive Impacts of Climate Change

Destruction from Superstorm Sandy brought New York City to a standstill.



- 43 deaths and \$19 billion in damage
- Closure of 7 subway tunnels

- 17% of City land flooded
- Destruction of South Ferry station, **Broad Channel viaduct**

Sources: "A Stronger, More Resilient New York," NYC Special Initiative for Rebuilding and Resiliency; MTA

Changed Geography of Employment

Reverse-commute ridership on Metro-North has quadrupled since 1985.

Metro-North supports the nation's #1 reverse-commute market.

During peak hours, more people commute to Stamford than from Stamford.



At Metro-North's Fordham station, seven times as many riders travel to points north than commute to New York City.



Source: MTA

Crowding from Growing Ridership

In New York City, record-level ridership has led to systemwide crowding.

65%

growth in transit ridership since 1992

1.7 billion

subway ridership, highest since 1949

The 4/5/6 carries 1.3 million riders each weekday ... more than the combined transit ridership of San Francisco, Chicago, and Boston.



Source: MTA; New York Metropolitan Transportation Council

Planners estimate that by 2035 the population of the MTA region will grow by 1.6 million.

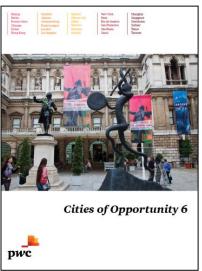
Increased Global Competition

London and other cities seek to unseat New York as a global leader.

Per a recent PriceWaterhouseCoopers study, New York City's slow pace of infrastructure investment weakens its global standing.



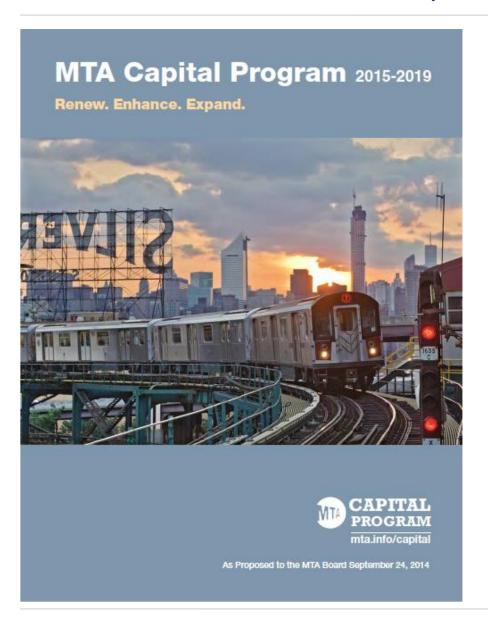
NYC **London** #1 #2 Overall ranking Transportation & #16 #6 Infrastructure ranking



Source: Cities of Opportunity 6, Pricewaterhouse Coopers, 2014.

The 2015-2019 MTA Capital Program

The three themes of the MTA Capital Program are a sustained investment.



RENEW

Protect the safety, reliability, and quality of existing MTA services.

ENHANCE

Improve the customer experience of the MTA network.

EXPAND

Extend the network to ease crowding and support growth.

SUSTAIN

Commit to the continued health of regional transit.

The 2015-2019 MTA Capital Program

These themes are aligned with the region's emerging challenges.

Destructive Impacts of Climate Change



RENEW

Protect the safety, reliability, and quality of existing MTA services.

Changed Geography of Employment



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Improve the customer experience of the MTA network.

Crowding from **Growing Ridership**



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Increased Global Competition



SUSTAIN

Commit to the continued health of regional transit.

The 2015-2019 MTA Capital Program: New York City Transit

A comprehensive investment program will position the city for growth.

RENEW

Replace signals, track, train cars and buses.





ENHANCE

Improve accessibility, and the customer experience.





EXPAND

Extend the Second Ave Subway and expand SBS.





The 2015-2019 MTA Capital Program: Long Island Rail Road

Expansion and capacity projects further extend the system's reach.

RENEW

New railcars and an overhaul of the Jamaica interlocking.

ENHANCE

Renovation of Babylon, Nostrand Avenue, and Hunterspoint Avenue.

EXPAND

East Side Access will enable service expansion.





The 2015-2019 MTA Capital Program: Metro-North Railroad

MNR riders will benefit from modern signaling and Penn Station access.

RENEW

Renovation of the GCT trainshed and system-wide signal upgrades.



ENHANCE

Restored Harlem Line stations and new GCT customer information.



EXPAND

Penn Access: new service to Penn Station for the Northeast Bronx.



The 2015-2019 MTA Capital Program: A \$32 Billion Investment

This renewed commitment will position New York City for future growth.

RENEW	Reliability	\$9.2B
	Safety	\$13.0B
ENHANCE	Customer Experience	\$0.3B
	System Improvements	\$4.0B
EXPAND	Network Expansion	\$5.5B

SUSTAIN

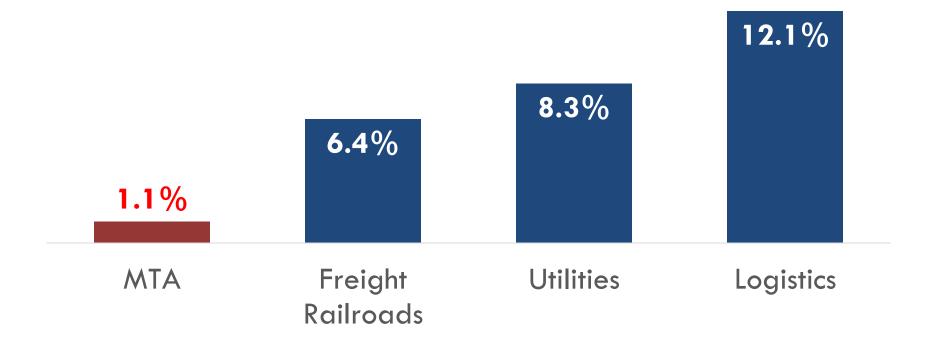
a sustained public commitment to the future of the MTA and the region

\$32.0B

Source: MTA

An initial examination suggests that MTA's rate of investment is significantly lower than those of comparable private firms.

$$\frac{\$5.3 \text{ B}}{\$485 \text{ B}} = 1.1\%$$
 annual reinvestment rate

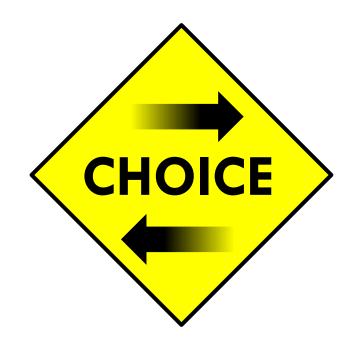


Source: HR&A analysis of Annual Reports/10-K for 2009-2013. HR&A estimates MTA's comparable asset base at approximately \$485 billion, which reflects a 35% depreciation rate to total assets of approximately \$880 billion, after deducting sunk costs estimated at \$134 billion. This analysis is limited to a comparison of non-expansion capital investment to total assets.

The 2015-2019 MTA Capital Program

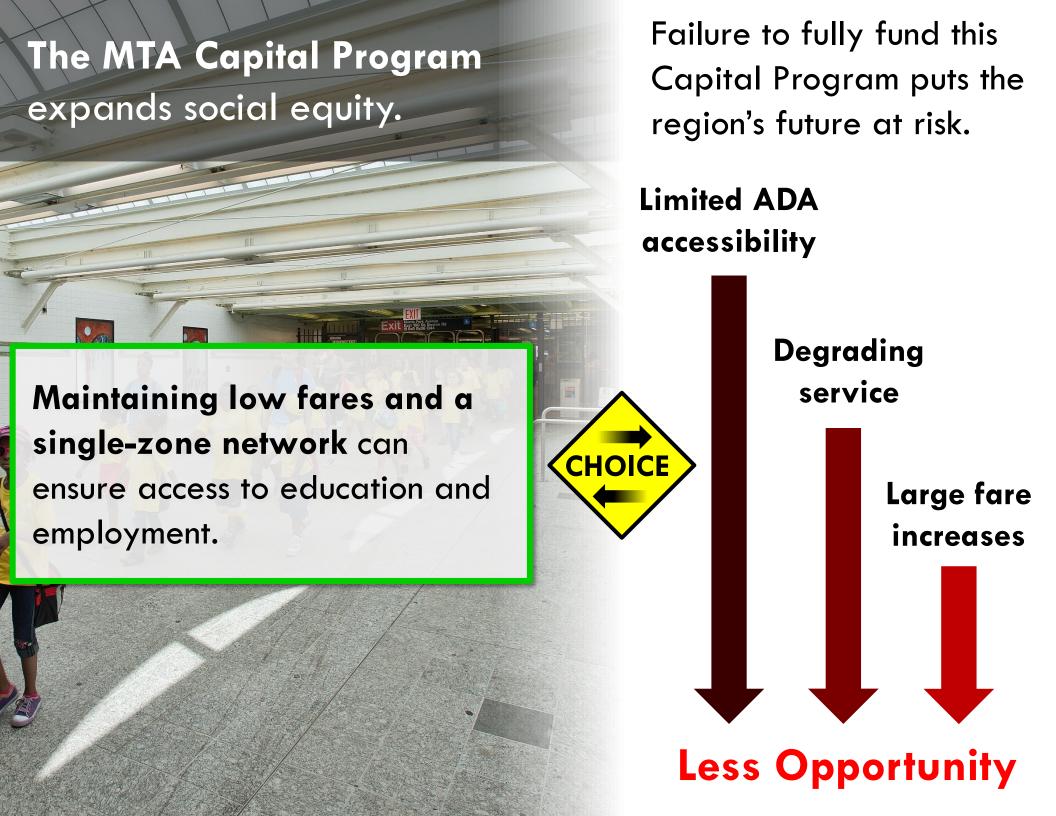
Why this Capital Program matters

Investment in the future of the region



Disinvestment in the region's core needs

This choice will shape the future of the New York metropolitan area.



The MTA Capital Program creates vibrant communities.

Rail investments to boost capacity and support reverse commuting.

New Select Bus Service routes that can support new corridors of mixed-income housing.

Failure to fully fund this Capital Program puts the region's future at risk.

Within NYC

No new SBS routes



Longer commutes



CHOICE

In the Suburbs

Limited offpeak service



Less value from transit



Under-utilized development sites





Inefficient land use

The MTA Capital Program sustains expanded tourism.

65% of international tourists to New York City — a group that contributes \$18 billion in annual spending to the city's economy — leverage the MTA network.

Failure to fully fund this Capital Program puts the region's future at risk.

Poor service quality



Decline of regional image



CHOICE

Slowdown in tourism



Fewer Tourism Jobs

The MTA Capital Program supports economic growth.



New investments to support population growth and changing employment patterns.

Reinforced stations and tunnels to protect the economy from climate change.

Failure to fully fund this Capital Program puts the region's future at risk.

Crowded trains/buses



Longer commutes



CHOICE

Lost productivity

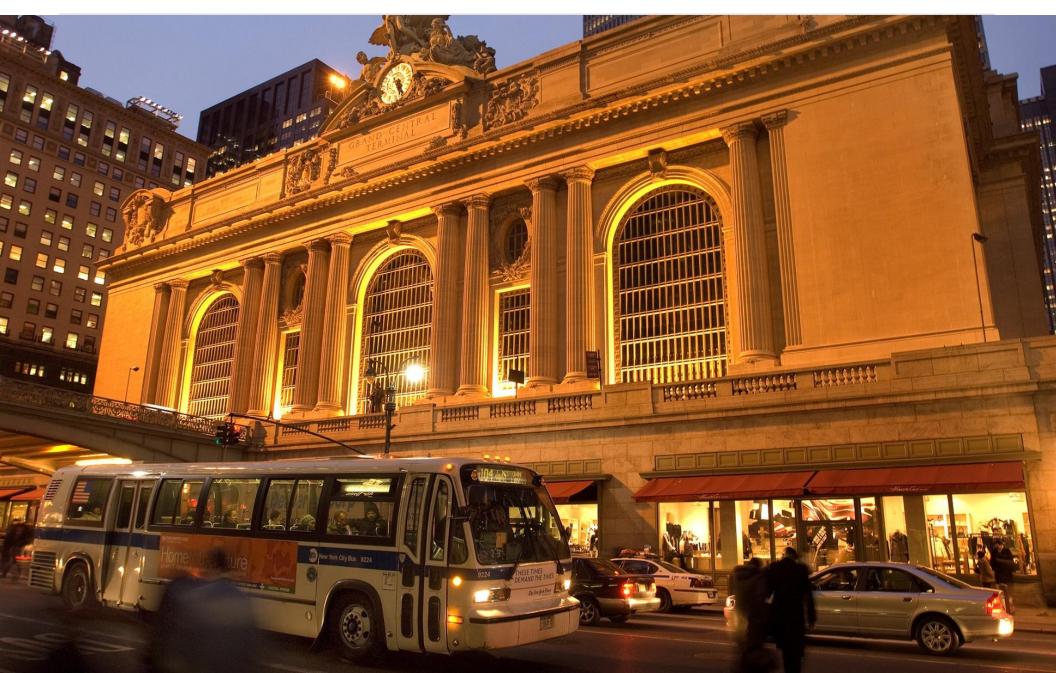


Stagnant Growth

Failing to fund the 2015-2019 MTA Capital Program will risk the future of the New York metropolitan region in the decades to come.



Funding the 2015-2019 MTA Capital Program positions the New York metropolitan region for continued success in the decades to come.



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